

Index numbers of industrial and construction-assembly production in December 2015^{a)}

In December of 2015, **sold production of industry** was by 6.7% higher than in December of 2014, whereas a decrease of 0.3% was reported in **construction-assembly production**. In the period January-December of 2015, sold production of industry was by 4.9% higher than in the corresponding period of 2014 which saw a 3.3% increase, whereas construction-assembly production was by 2.8% higher than in the corresponding period of 2014 which saw a 3.6% increase.

Index numbers of industrial and construction-assembly production in real time (constant prices) were:

Specification	XII		I-XII ^{b)}	XII
	previous month = 100	corresponding period of previous year = 100		monthly average of 2010 = 100
INDUSTRIAL UNITS				
Total	96.4	106.7	104.9	121.9
mining and quarrying.....	105.5	97.0	101.8	105.7
manufacturing.....	94.5	109.0	105.8	123.4
electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply.....	110.0	94.3	96.9	116.4
water supply; sewerage waste management and remediation activities.....	107.0	103.7	103.4	125.8
CONSTRUCTION UNITS				
Total	127.8	99.7	102.8	155.9

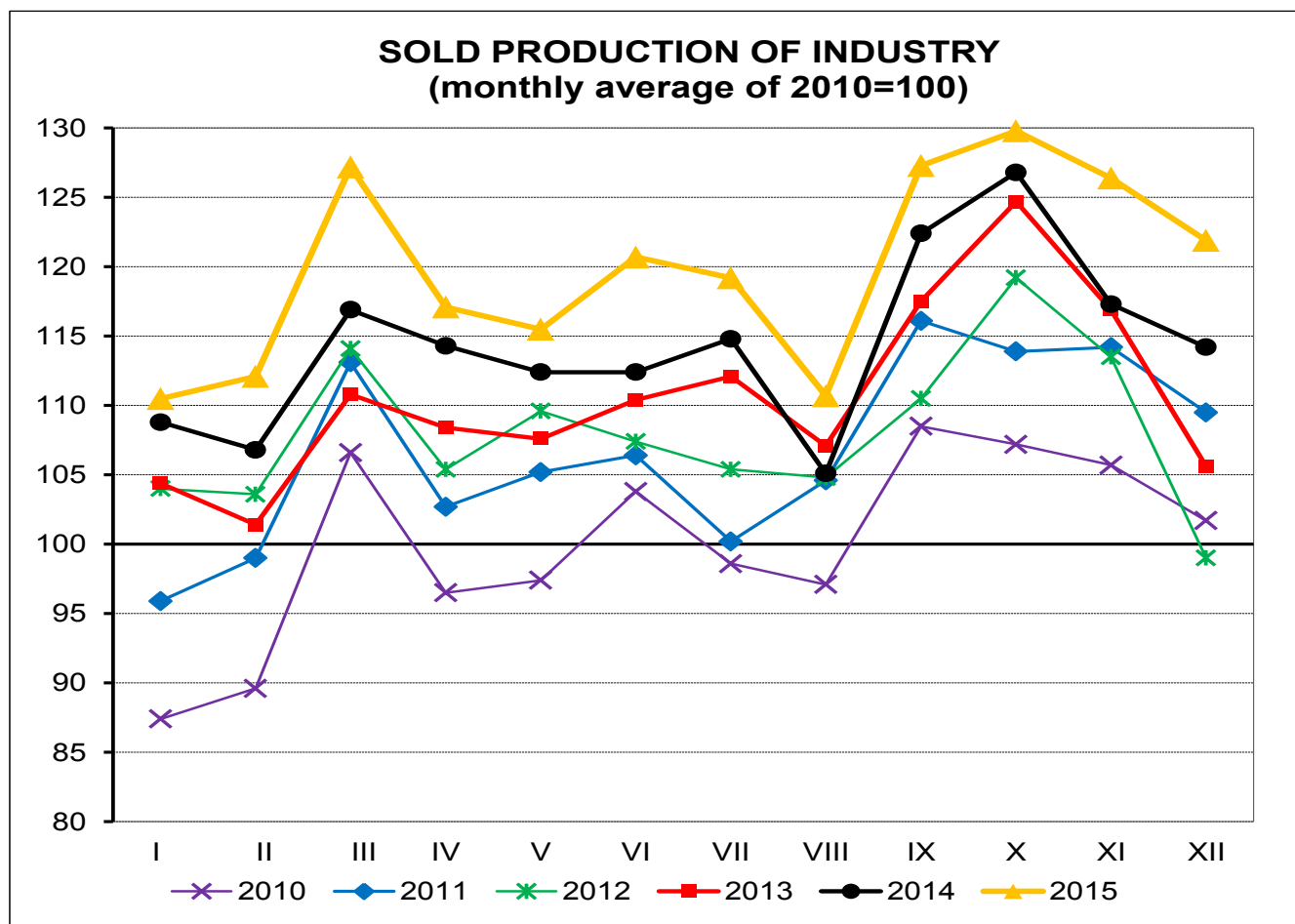
^{a)} Reported data; comprise enterprises employing over 9 persons.

^{b)} Data including final information on production and prices in November and reported data – in December.

According to the preliminary data, **sold production of industry** in constant prices (in enterprises employing more than 9 persons), in December of 2015, was by 6.7% higher than in the previous year (when an increase of 8.1% was recorded) and by 3.6% lower than in November of 2015. After eliminating the seasonal factors, sold production of industry reached the level higher by 4.0% than in the corresponding month of 2014 and by 0.7% higher as compared to November of 2015.

As compared to December of 2014, an increase in sold production was reported in 27 (out of 34) industry divisions, among others, in manufacture of other transport equipment – by 61.8%, manufacture of electrical equipment – by 26.3%, manufacture of pharmaceutical products – by 17.7%, manufacture of textiles – by 15.3%, manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers – by 13.9%, manufacture of rubber and plastic products – by 13.1%, manufacture of furniture – by 12.1%, manufacture of chemicals and chemical products – by 8.7%. A drop in sold production of industry, as compared to December of 2014, was recorded in 7 divisions, among others, in manufacture of machinery and equipment – by 5.9%, electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply – by 5.7%, manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products – by 4.6% and manufacture of basic metals – by 4.2%.

Indices of sold production of industry in comparison with an average monthly level in 2010 are presented in the graph below:



According to preliminary data, **construction and assembly production** (in constant prices), including investment and repair work, carried out domestically by construction enterprises employing more than 9 persons, was in December of 2015 by 0.3% lower than a year before (when an increase was recorded by 5.0%) and by 27.8% higher in comparison to November of 2015. After eliminating the seasonal factors, construction and assembly production reached the level by 2.0% lower than in December of 2014 and by 0.4% lower in comparison to November of 2015.

In relation to December of 2014 a decrease in production was recorded in entities involved in specialised construction activities – by 2.0% and in entities whose basic type of activity is civil engineering – by 1.6% while an increase in production occurred in entities dealing mainly with construction of buildings – by 3.0%.

In comparison to November of 2015 an increase in production was recorded in all divisions of construction: in entities dealing mainly with specialised construction activities – by 37.1%, in entities specialised in civil engineering – by 27.7% and in entities whose basic type of activity is construction of buildings – by 21.2%.

Indices of the construction and assembly production, in comparison with an average monthly level in 2010, are presented in the graph below:

