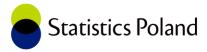
27.11.2019

quarter



Information on the labour market in the third quarter of 2019 (preliminary data)

156,7%Activity rate (by LFS)

The results of the labour force survey (LFS) indicate that in the third quarter of 2019, economically active persons constituted 56.7% of the population aged 15 years and more. Compared to the previous quarter, the rate increased by 0.5 percentage point, whereas in respect to the third quarter of 2018 it stayed at similar level (a drop by 0.1 percentage point).

Activity rate increased as compared to the previous

Economic activity of the population aged 15 years and more by the LFS

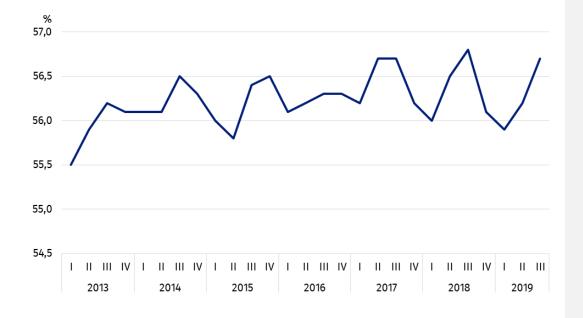
In the third quarter of 2019, the number of economically active population aged 15 years and more comprised 17151 thousand persons, of which 16619 thousand constituted employed persons, while 532 thousand constituted the unemployed. The population of economically inactive persons comprised 13124 thousand.

The number of the economically active increased as compared to the second quarter of 2019 (a growth by 120 thous.), while it decreased as compared the same period of the previous year (a drop by 128 thous.). The number of economically inactive persons dropped as compared to both: the previous quarter and the same period of the 2018.

The indicator describing the relation between the number of non-working persons (unemployed and economically inactive aged 15 years and more) and the number of employed persons decreased as compared to both: the previous quarter and the same period of the previous year. In the third quarter of 2019, there were 822 unemployed or economically inactive persons per 1000 employed persons (in the third quarter of 2018 and in the second quarter of 2019 it was respectively 831 and 837 persons).

The number of persons not working per 1000 of employed persons dropped as compared to the previous quarter

Chart 1. Activity rate for persons aged 15 years and more





In the third quarter 2019, employed persons constituted 54.9% of the population aged 15 years and more. Compared to the second quarter of 2019, as well as over the year the rate increased respectively by 0.5 percentage point and by 0.3 percentage point.

Employment rate increased as compared to the previous quarter

Employed persons aged 15 years and more by the LFS

In the third quarter of 2019, the population of employed persons aged 15 years and more comprised 16619 thousand and it increased as compared to the previous quarter, whereas it stayed at the same level over the year.

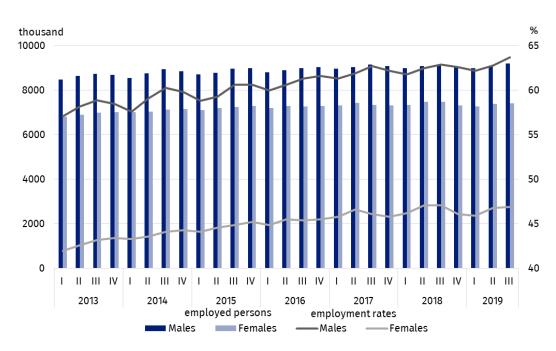
A growth in the number of employed persons was observed as compared to the previous quarter irrespective of both: sex and the place of residence. Over the year, the number of the employed decreased among women, while it increased among men. Whereas, as regards the place of residence, a growth in the number of the employed was recorded in rural areas, while a drop was observed in urban areas.

Still men dominate among the total number of the employed – in the third quarter of 2019, their share in this population amounted to 55.4%.

Employment rate increased as compared to the previous quarter. A growth was observed irrespective of both sex and place of residence (the highest one – 0.9 percentage point was recorded for the male population, while depending on the place of residence, in rural areas – 0.7 percentage point). Over the year, an increase in the overall rate was influenced mainly by a growth in the number of the employed in rural areas, while regarding sex – in the male population.

In the third quarter of 2019, still evidently higher employment rate was observed among men (63.7% vs. 46.9% for women).

Chart 2. The number of the employed and employment rate for persons aged 15 years and more by sex



Employment rate is still evidently higher in the male population than among women



In the third quarter 2019, unemployed persons constituted 3.1% of the economically active population aged 15 years and more. Unemployment rate dropped as compared to the previous quarter, as well as over the year.

Unemployment rate upheld a decreasing tendency

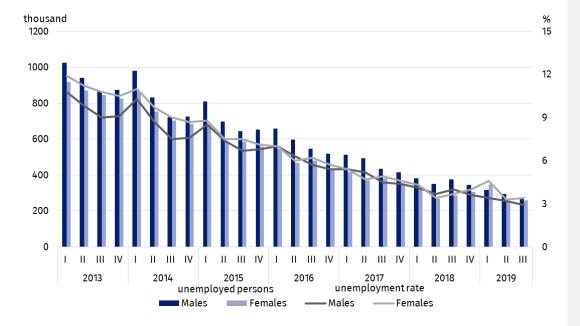
Unemployed persons by the LFS

In the third quarter of 2019, the population of the unemployed amounted to 532 thousand and it decreased as compared to both the previous quarter and the same period of 2018.

A drop in the number of the unemployed observed over the quarter, was observed in respect to sex among men, while regarding the place of residence – in rural areas. Slight increases were observed among women and in urban areas. A decrease in unemployment over the year was observed in all analysed subpopulations; depending on sex it was higher among men, while in respect to the place of residence – among rural residents.

Unemployment rate decreased regarding both: the same period of the last year and the previous quarter. Beginning from 2016, a decreasing differentiation in the unemployment intensity by sex was observed. In the third quarter of 2019 in the population of women unemployment rate stayed at the slightly higher level than among men (respectively 3.4% and 2.9%).

Chart 3. The number of unemployed persons and unemployment rate by sex



Unemployment rate by the LFS was slightly lower in the male population than among women



Unemployed persons registered in labour offices¹ at the end of September 2019 constituted 5.1% of the civilian economically active population. The registered unemployment rate was lower than the one observed in June this year and September of the last year, respectively by: 0.2 percentage point and 0.6 percentage point.

Registered unemployment rate was systematically decreasing in the successive years

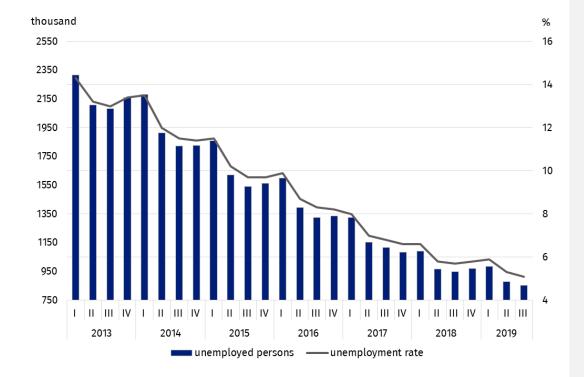
Registered unemployment

At the end of September 2019, the number of unemployed persons registered in labour offices comprised 851.2 thousand (including 483.3 thousand women) and it was lower than the one observed at the end of the second quarter of 2019 by 25.9 thousand (i.e. by 3.0%) and lower by 96.2 thousand (i.e. by 10.2%) as compared to the same period of the previous year.

A drop in the number of unemployed men and women was observed in the third quarter of 2019 as compared to the second quarter of 2019, respectively by: 15.1 thousand (i.e. 3.9%) and 10.8 thousand (i.e. 2.2%). The population of unemployed men and women registered in labour offices decreased also in respect to September 2018, respectively by: 39.1 thousand persons (i.e. by 9.6%) and by 57.2 thousand (i.e. by 10,6%).

Fewer unemployed persons were registered in the labour offices in the third quarter of 2019 than a year ago, at the same time, fewer unemployed persons removed were withdrawn from register rolls of labour offices

Chart 4. The number unemployed and registered unemployment rate
As of the end of a quarter



¹ Information regarding data sources on unemployment and methodological differences between the surveys are available online on the Statistics Poland site: http://stat.gov.pl/obszary-tematyczne/rynek-pracy/zasady-metodyczne-rocznik-pracy/jak-liczymy-bezrobocie,2,1.html



In the third quarter of 2019, economically inactive persons constituted 43.3% of the total number of the population aged 15 years and more. The percentage decreased as compared to the previous quarter (by 0.5 percentage point), and it was similar to the one observed at the same period last year (a growth by 0.1 percentage point).

The percentage of economically inactive persons aged 15 years and more decreased as compared to the previous quarter

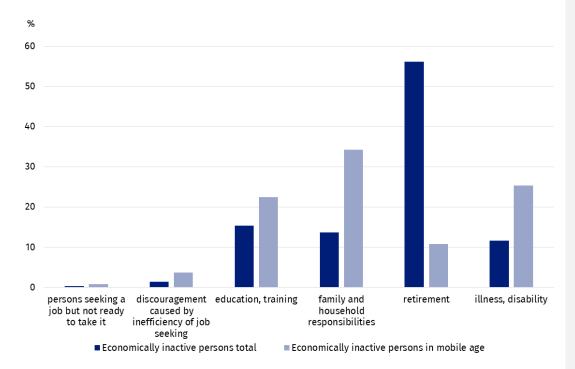
Economically inactive persons

In the third quarter of 2019, the population of persons economically inactive comprised 13124 thousand. It stayed at the lower level than in the previous quarter (13254 thousand persons) and at a similar level as compared to the situation in the last year.

A drop in the number of this group over the quarter was observed among both men (by 2.0%) and women (by 0.3%), while as regards the place of residence among rural residents (by 1.2%) as well as in urban areas (0.8%). Changes in the number of the economically inactive persons depending on sex and the place of residence were also observed over the year. Among women and the total of the urban population a growth in the number of this group took place (respectively by 0.2% and 0.4%), while among men and the total of the rural population – a drop was observed (respectively by 0.7% and 0.9%). Women still constitute a majority of the economically inactive population (62.1%).

Among the total number of economically inactive persons, a decided majority constitute retirees (56.2%), the second largest group constitute students (15.4%). Whereas in case of persons economically inactive at the working age, the most often reasons for inability are: family responsibilities (34.2%), illness, disability (25.3%), and education and training (22.5%).

Chart 5. The percentage of economically inactive persons in the third quarter of 2019 by selected reasons for inactivity for the total population and for persons at the working age



Women still constitute a majority of the economically inactive population

Table 1. Economic activity

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	III au	III quarter		III quarter	+/- compared to	
5, 25, 16, 116, 11			II quarter		III quarter	II quarter
			in %		2018	2019
1. Activity rate						
TOTAL	56,7	56,8	56,2	56,7	-0,1	0,5
males	65,7	65,5	64,9	65,6	0,1	0,7
females	48,4	48,9	48,3	48,5	-0,4	0,2
Urban areas	56,8	56,9	56,2	56,5	-0,4	0,3
Rural areas	56,5	56,6	56,4	56,9	0,3	0,5
of which:						
population connected with agricultural farm	67,9	68,1	68,6	69,8	1,7	1,2
population not connected with agricultural farm	51,5	51,7	51,6	51,7	0,0	0,1
Of total by age:						
15–24 years	35,2	35,4	35,0	36,8	1,4	1,8
25–34	84,2	84,4	84,2	84,5	0,1	0,3
35–44	87,4	88,0	87,4	87,3	-0,7	-0,1
45–59/64	73,0	75,0	74,9	75,5	0,5	0,6
60/65 and more	9,1	8,3	8,0	8,3	0,0	0,3
by age:		•				
working (18–59/64) ^a	76,1	77,3	77,1	77,8	0,5	0,7
post-working (60/65 and more) ^b	9,1	8,3	8,0	8,3	0,0	0,3
20–24	59,1	60,0	60,4	62,9	2,9	2,5
20–64	74,8	75,6	75,4	75,9	0,3	0,5
55–64	51,1	51,1	50,4	51,5	0,4	1,1
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	69,9	70,7	70,5	71,1	0,4	0,6

a 18—59 years for women, 18–64 years for men.

 $[\]it b$ 60 years and more for women, 65 years and more for men.

Table 1. Economic activity (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	III qu	III quarter		III quarter	+/- con	npared to
					III quarter	II quarter
				2018	2019	
1. Activity rate (cont.)						
By voivodships:						
dolnośląskie	55,9	56,8	57,0	58,2	1,4	1,2
kujawsko-pomorskie	54,4	56,0	55,6	56,4	0,4	0,8
lubelskie	55,5	56,4	54,2	54,9	-1,5	0,7
lubuskie	56,1	55,5	55,4	55,1	-0,4	-0,3
łódzkie	57,6	58,0	56,1	55,3	-2,7	-0,8
małopolskie	56,0	56,5	56,2	57,5	1,0	1,3
mazowieckie	60,5	60,6	59,8	60,3	-0,3	0,5
opolskie	55,9	56,3	55,2	55,9	-0,4	0,7
podkarpackie	57,0	55,2	53,6	54,8	-0,4	1,2
podlaskie	57,0	56,9	55,7	57,4	0,5	1,7
pomorskie	58,9	58,1	59,0	58,7	0,6	-0,3
śląskie	53,1	53,2	53,2	53,4	0,2	0,2
świętokrzyskie	55,3	53,5	54,5	52,8	-0,7	-1,7
warmińsko-mazurskie	54,5	53,5	53,0	53,2	-0,3	0,2
wielkopolskie	59,8	59,9	59,1	59,8	-0,1	0,7
zachodniopomorskie	53,2	54,7	54,2	53,3	-1,4	-0,9
By level of education:						
tertiary	79,7	80,1	80,1	80,4	0,3	0,3
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	63,1	61,6	61,5	61,0	-0,6	-0,5
general secondary	51,1	53,4	52,5	52,8	-0,6	0,3
basic vocational	59,2	58,1	55,3	55,9	-2,2	0,6
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	17,5	17,1	17,1	18,1	1,0	1,0
Disabled persons						
Total	18,1	18,3	17,5	17,3	-1,0	-0,2
males	20,1	20,0	18,6	18,2	-1,8	-0,4
females	16,1	16,6	16,3	16,5	-0,1	0,2
Urban areas	18,9	18,7	19,0	18,4	-0,3	-0,6
Rural areas	16,9	17,7	14,9	15,5	-2,2	0,6

Table 2. Demand for labour

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	III qu	arter	II quarter	III quarter	III quarter	II quarter
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
1. Employed persons						
TOTAL	16510	16617	16484	16619	100,0	100,8
males	9157	9141	9084	9204	100,7	101,3
females	7353	7477	7399	7415	99,2	100,2
Urban areas	9955	10042	9897	9942	99,0	100,5
Rural areas	6555	6575	6587	6677	101,6	101,4
By economic sectors:						
agriculture	1720	1622	1484	1545	95,3	104,1
industry	5189	5217	5236	5284	101,3	100,9
services	9531	9697	9691	9704	100,1	100,1
By ownership sectors:						
public	3917	3951	3892	3945	99,8	101,4
private	12593	12666	12592	12674	100,1	100,7
of which:						
working on private farms in agriculture	1520	1457	1323	1388	95,3	104,9
By employment status:						
employees	13113	13222	13170	13269	100,4	100,8
employers and self-em- ployed persons	2925	2961	2965	2987	100,9	100,7
Contributing family workers	472	434	349	362	83,4	103,7
Employees by work contract:						
permanent	9694	10057	10203	10422	103,6	102,1
temporary	3419	3164	2967	2847	90,0	96,0

Table 2. Demand for labour (cont.)

	2017	2018		2019				
SPECIFICATION	III qu	arter	II quarter	III quarter	III quarter	II quarter		
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100		
1. Employed persons (cont.)								
Employed persons with mo- re than one job	892	839	849	840	100,1	98,9		
Employed persons seeking another main job and additional job	230	209	214	205	98,1	95,8		
of which by reasons:								
possibility of losing cur- rent job	11		8	6	Х	75,0		
looking for a better paid job	130	116	121	110	94,8	90,9		
Disabled persons								
TOTAL	516	513	495	501	97,7	101,2		
males	292	284	262	261	91,9	99,6		
females	224	229	234	239	104,4	102,1		
Urban areas	329	325	338	330	101,5	97,6		
Rural areas	187	188	158	170	90,4	107,6		
2. Weekly working time			in hours					
Average number of hours worked in the main job and in an additional job	41,1	40,8	38,4	40,6	99,5	105,7		
males	42,9	42,5	40,0	42,2	99,3	105,5		
females	38,7	38,6	36,5	38,6	100,0	105,8		
Average number of hours worked in the main job	40,2	40,0	37,6	39,8	99,5	105,9		
by employment status and age:								
employees	39,4	39,1	37,0	39,1	100,0	105,7		
employers and self-em- ployed persons	44,1	43,6	40,4	43,1	98,9	106,7		
contributing family wor- kers	37,3	37,1	34,4	38,2	103,0	111,0		
3. Vacancies ^a		ir	ı thousands					
TOTAL	447,2	380,2	345,9	339,3	89,2	98,1		
in public sector	40,0	35,9	30,6	30,6	85,2	100,1		
in private sector	407,2	344,3	315,3	308,7	89,7	97,9		

a Offers registered in labour offices during a quarter; The Ministry of Family, Labour and Social Policy data.

Table 2. Demand for labour (cont.)

Table 2. Demand for tabout (conc.)	_						
	2017	2018		. 20	119		
SPECIFICATION	III quarter		II quarter	III quarter	+/- compared to		
SI EGITIGITION	40		qua. co.	quarta	III quarter	II quarter	
			in %		2018	2019	
4. Employment rate							
TOTAL	54,0	54,6	54,4	54,9	0,3	0,5	
males	62,7	62,9	62,8	63,7	0,8	0,9	
females	46,1	47,1	46,8	46,9	-0,2	0,1	
Urban areas	54,1	54,9	54,5	54,8	-0,1	0,3	
Rural areas	53,9	54,2	54,4	55,1	0,9	0,7	
of which:							
population connected with agricultural farm	66,2	66,6	67,2	68,2	1,6	1,0	
population not connected with agricultural farm	48,4	48,8	49,4	49,8	1,0	0,4	
Of total by age:							
15–24 years	30,0	30,9	31,3	32,8	1,9	1,5	
25–34	80,2	80,8	81,4	81,6	0,8	0,2	
35–44	84,0	85,5	85,0	85,2	-0,3	0,2	
45–59/64	70,3	73,0	73,1	74,0	1,0	0,9	
60/65 years and more	9,0	8,2	7,9	8,3	0,1	0,4	
in age:		•					
working (18–59/64) ^a	72,4	74,3	74,6	75,3	1,0	0,7	
post-working (60/65 and more) ^b	9,0	8,2	7,9	8,3	0,1	0,4	
20–24	51,1	53,3	54,9	56,5	3,2	1,6	
20-64	71,3	72,8	73,1	73,6	0,8	0,5	
55–64	49,4	49,8	49,2	50,5	0,7	1,3	
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	66,5	68,0	68,2	68,9	0,9	0,7	

a 18–59 years for women, 18-64 years for men.

 $[\]it b$ 60 years and more for women, 65 years and more for men.

Table 2. Demand for labour (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	III quarter		II quarter	III quarter	+/- con	npared to
				·	III quarter	II quarter
			in %	2018	2019	
4. Employment rate (cont.)						
dolnośląskie	53,2	54,9	55,3	55,7	0,8	0,4
kujawsko-pomorskie	51,6	53,5	53,4	53,8	0,3	0,4
lubelskie	52,0	52,7	51,2	52,4	-0,3	1,2
lubuskie	53,7	53,6	54,2	54,0	0,4	-0,2
łódzkie	55,2	55,2	53,9	53,4	-1,8	-0,5
małopolskie	53,8	55,1	54,7	56,2	1,1	1,5
mazowieckie	57,5	58,3	58,2	58,7	0,4	0,5
opolskie	53,8	54,8	53,7	54,3	-0,5	0,6
podkarpackie	52,4	51,6	50,8	51,9	0,3	1,1
podlaskie	54,2	54,9	54,1	55,5	0,6	1,4
pomorskie	56,5	56,7	57,0	57,1	0,4	0,1
śląskie	51,1	51,1	52,2	52,2	1,1	0,0
świętokrzyskie	51,8	50,7	51,8	50,7	0,0	-1,1
warmińsko-mazurskie	50,9	50,6	51,3	51,9	1,3	0,6
wielkopolskie	57,9	59,0	57,4	58,7	-0,3	1,3
zachodniopomorskie	50,6	52,3	52,4	51,4	-0,9	-1,0
By level of education:						
tertiary	77,7	78,5	78,6	78,9	0,4	0,3
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	60,5	59,4	59,7	59,0	-0,4	-0,7
general secondary	47,6	50,5	49,9	50,4	-0,1	0,5
basic vocational	55,7	55,3	53,3	54,1	-1,2	0,8
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	15,5	15,5	15,7	16,8	1,3	1,1
Disabled persons						
TOTAL	16,7	17,2	16,3	16,5	-0,7	0,2
males	19,0	18,7	17,4	17,0	-1,7	-0,4
females	14,5	15,7	15,3	15,9	0,2	0,6
Urban areas	17,0	17,7	17,8	17,5	-0,2	-0,3
Rural areas	16,2	16,4	13,8	14,7	-1,7	0,9

 ${\bf Table~3.~Unemployment}^a$

rubte 3. onemptoyment		ı	I			
	2017	2018		20	119	
SPECIFICATION	III qu	ıarter	II quarter	III quarter	III quarter	II quarter
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
1. Unemployed persons						
TOTAL	818	662	548	532	80,4	97,1
males	436	376	296	273	72,6	92,2
females	381	286	251	259	90,6	103,2
Urban areas	497	366	308	311	85,0	101,0
Rural areas	320	296	240	221	74,7	92,1
By methods of job search						
through the labour office	489	391	312	287	73,4	92,0
placing or answering job advertisements	283	249	206	201	80,7	97,6
through friends, relatives	562	422	380	339	80,3	89,2
direct contact with employ- ers	410	335	287	292	87,2	101,7
making efforts to become self-employed	19	22	20	18	81,8	90,0
By duration of job search						
6 months and less	471	412	356	378	91,7	106,2
7—12	159	132	114	81	61,4	71,1
13 months and more	187	118	78	73	61,9	93,6
Average duration of job search in months		i	n months			
TOTAL	10,4	9,6	9,1	8,5	88,5	93,4
males	10,7	10,2	9,3	9,0	88,2	96,8
females	10,2	8,8	8,9	7,9	89,8	88,8
In total:			in months			
waiting for work to begin in the months	60	48	47	54	112,5	114,9
registered at the labour offi- ce as unemployed	468	355	241 ^b	205 ^b	57,7	69,7
of which:		•		•		
receiving unemployment benefit	72	56	63	42	75,0	66,7
Disabled persons			•	•		
TOTAL	42	34	36	25	73,5	69,4
males	16	19	19	16	84,2	84,2
females	26	14	17	9	64,3	52,9
Urban areas	34	19	24	17	89,5	70,8
Rural areas	8	14	12	9	64,3	75,0

a By Labour Force Survey.

b Due to a change in the methodology of gathering information on unemployed people registered in labour office as unemployed, the data is not fully comparable with the results taken before first quarter of 2019.

Table 3. Unemployment a (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	III qu	arter	II quarter	III quarter	III quarter 2018=100	II quarter 2019=100
		in	thousands		2010-100	2015-100
2. Recruitment sources of the unemployed						
Job losers						
total	291	220	167	152	69,1	91,0
males	174	133	89	84	63,2	94,4
females	117	88	79	68	77,3	86,1
Job leavers						
total	83	77	76	57	74,0	75,0
males	45	48	49	30	62,5	61,2
females	38	28	27	27	96,4	100,0
Re-entrants						
total	284	243	210	215	88,5	102,4
males	140	132	108	99	75,0	91,7
females	144	111	101	116	104,5	114,9
They take up work for the first time (activating)						
total	160	122	95	108	88,5	113,7
of which leavers	87	69	45	76	110,1	168,9
males	77	62	50	60	96,8	120,0
females	83	59	45	48	81,4	106,7
3. Unemployed persons previously in employment						
TOTAL	658	540	453	358	66,3	79,0
of which:						
According to the economic sectors of the last jobb ^b :						
agriculture	18	18	17	9	50,0	52,9
industry	197	190	139	120	63,2	86,3
services	324	236	223	221	93,6	99,1
of which:						
education	25	16	13	28	175,0	215,4
human health and social work activities	17	10	14	20	200,0	142,9
By ownership sectors in ^b :						
public sector	74	61	51	62	101,6	121,6
private sector	472	389	333	296	76,1	88,9

a By Labour Force Survey.

 $[\]it b$ Excluding persons with the break in employment 8 years or more.

Table 3. Unemployment a (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
	III quarter II (_	
SPECIFICATION			II quarter	III quarter	+/- compared to	
	45			1	III quarter	II quarter
			in %		2018	2019
4. Unemployment rate						
TOTAL	4,7	3,8	3,2	3,1	-0,7	-0,1
males	4,5	4,0	3,2	2,9	-1,1	-0,3
females	4,9	3,7	3,3	3,4	-0,3	0,1
Urban areas	4,8	3,5	3,0	3,0	-0,5	0,0
Rural areas	4,7	4,3	3,5	3,2	-1,1	-0,3
of which:						
population connected with agricultural farm	2,5	2,2	2,0	2,4	0,2	0,4
population not connected with agricultural farm	5,9	5,5	4,3	3,6	-1,9	-0,7
Of total by age:						
15–24 years	14,7	12,7	10,4	10,8	-1,9	0,4
25–34	4,8	4,3	3,3	3,4	-0,9	0,1
35–44	3,8	2,9	2,8	2,4	-0,5	-0,4
45 years and more	3,3	2,5	2,1	1,9	-0,6	-0,2
by age:		•				
working (18–59/64) ^b	4,9	4,0	3,3	3,2	-0,8	-0,1
post-working (60/65 and mo-re) ^c	х	х	х	0,7	х	x
20–24	13,4	11,2	9,1	10,2	-1,0	1,1
20–64	4,6	3,7	3,2	3,1	-0,6	-0,1
55–64	3,3	2,5	2,4	2,0	-0,5	-0,4
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	4,8	3,9	3,3	3,2	-0,7	-0,1

a By Labour Force Survey.

b 18–59 years for women, 18–64 years for men.

c 60 years and more for women, 65 years and more for men.

Table 3. Unemployment a (cont.)

	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	III qu	III quarter II quarter		III quarter	+/- con	npared to
					III quarter	II quarter
			2018	2019		
4. Unemployment rate (cont.)						
By voivodships:						
dolnośląskie	4,9	3,4	2,9	4,2	0,8	1,3
kujawsko-pomorskie	5,2	4,4	4,0	4,4	0,0	0,4
lubelskie	6,4	6,4	5,5	4,7	-1,7	-0,8
lubuskie	4,2	3,4	2,1	2,1	-1,3	0,0
łódzkie	4,2	4,8	3,9	3,4	-1,4	-0,5
małopolskie	3,8	2,5	2,8	2,3	-0,2	-0,5
mazowieckie	4,9	3,8	2,7	2,7	-1,1	0,0
opolskie	3,6	2,6	2,7	3,2	0,6	0,5
podkarpackie	8,0	6,5	5,2	5,2	-1,3	0,0
podlaskie	5,0	3,5	2,6	3,5	0,0	0,9
pomorskie	4,0	2,6	3,4	2,8	0,2	-0,6
śląskie	3,7	3,9	1,8	2,2	-1,7	0,4
świętokrzyskie	6,2	5,2	5,0	4,0	-1,2	-1,0
warmińsko-mazurskie	6,6	5,4	3,1	2,6	-2,8	-0,5
wielkopolskie	3,2	1,5	3,1	1,8	0,3	-1,3
zachodniopomorskie	4,7	4,5	3,2	3,5	-1,0	0,3
By level of education:		•				
tertiary	2,6	2,1	1,9	1,9	-0,2	0,0
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	4,1	3,6	2,8	3,2	-0,4	0,4
general secondary	7,0	5,4	5,1	4,5	-0,9	-0,6
basic vocational	5,9	4,8	3,7	3,3	-1,5	-0,4
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	11,5	9,2	8,6	7,2	-2,0	-1,4
Disabled persons						
TOTAL	7,5	6,2	6,8	4,8	-1,4	-2,0
males	5,2	6,3	6,8	5,8	-0,5	-1,0
females	10,4	5,8	6,8	3,6	-2,2	-3,2
Urban areas	9,3	5,5	6,6	4,9	-0,6	-1,7
Rural areas	4,1	6,9	7,1	5,0	-1,9	-2,1

a By Labour Force Survey.

Table 4. Registered unemployment^a

Table 4. Registered unemployment	·a					
	2017	2018		20	19	
SPECIFICATION	III qu	arter	II quarter	III quarter		
					III quarter 2018=100	II quarter 2019=100
		in	thousands			
1. Unemployed persons as of the end of a quarter						
TOTAL	1117,1	947,4	877,1	851,2	89,8	97,0
males	490,7	406,9	382,9	367,8	90,4	96,1
females	626,4	540,5	494,2	483,3	89,4	97,8
Disabled persons						
TOTAL	70,6	59,9	57,6	55,9	93,5	97,2
males	37,0	32,2	31,4	30,6	94,9	97,5
females	33,6	27,6	26,2	25,3	91,8	96,7
2. Unemployment flows over a quarter						
Inflow (Newly registered unem- ployed persons)						
total	491,2	416,8	322,0	382,6	91,8	118,8
males	231,9	195,2	165,1	179,5	91,9	108,7
females	259,3	221,6	156,9	203,2	91,7	129,5
of total:						
terminated for company rea- sons	16,8	13,2	12,1	12,9	97,8	106,9
males	7,2	5,6	5,4	5,6	100,0	104,7
females	9,6	7,6	6,7	7,3	96,1	108,7
previously not employed	79,7	62,8	40,3	55,2	87,8	136,9
males	36,4	28,7	19,7	25,0	87,3	127,2
females	43,3	34,2	20,6	30,1	88,1	146,1
re-entrants to unemployment registers	389,8	332,0	263,4	303,2	91,3	115,1
males	185,6	156,8	137,2	143,2	91,3	104,4
females	204,2	175,3	126,2	160,0	91,3	126,7
Outflow (persons removed from unemployment)						
total	525,7	437,3	429,6	408,6	93,4	95,1
males	262,4	212,6	225,5	194,6	91,5	86,3
females	263,3	224,7	204,1	214,0	95,2	104,8
of total:						
unemployed persons who took work	260,7	218,9	203,9	202,1	92,3	99,1
males	122,8	99,4	106,8	90,2	90,7	84,4
females	137,9	119,5	97,1	111,9	93,6	115,3
3. Unemployment rate as of the end of a quarter			in %			
TOTAL	6,8	5,7	5,3	5,1	х	х

 $[\]it a$ The Ministry of Family, Labour and Social Policy data.

Table 5. Economically inactive population a

Table 3. Economically macrive pop			•			
	2017	2018		20	119	
SPECIFICATION	III qu	arter	II quarter	III quarter	III quarter	II quarter
		in	thousands		2018=100	2019=100
1. Economically inactive						
TOTAL	13251	13139	13254	13124	99,9	99,0
males	5020	5013	5079	4977	99,3	98,0
females	8231	8126	8174	8146	100,2	99,7
Urban areas	7964	7872	7968	7904	100,4	99,2
Rural areas	5287	5267	5286	5220	99,1	98,8
Of total by age:						
15–24 years	2461	2359	2310	2227	94,4	96,4
25–34	839	805	791	769	95,5	97,2
35–44	697	671	705	716	106,7	101,6
45–59/64	2220	2023	2021	1966	97,2	97,3
60/65 years and more	7033	7281	7426	7446	102,3	100,3
by age:						
pre-working (15–17)	1008	989	968	968	97,9	100,0
working (18–59/64) ^a	5209	4869	4859	4710	96,7	96,9
post-working (60/65 and more)	7033	7281	7426	7446	102,3	100,3
20–24 years	841	782	746	691	88,4	92,6
20–64	5685	5418	5395	5270	97,3	97,7
55–64	2546	2484	2464	2393	96,3	97,1
15–64 years (working as defined by Eurostat)	7305	6995	6958	6807	97,3	97,8
Chosen reasons for inactivity						
persons seeking job but not ready to take it within two weeks following the referen- ce week	49	40	48	38	95,0	79,2
persons discouraged with inefficiet job search	318	237	226	190	80,2	84,1

a By Labour Force Survey.

Table 5. Economically inactive population a (cont.)

	2017	2018	2019			
SPECIFICATION	III quarter		II quarter	III quarter	III quarter	II quarter
	in		thousands		2018=100	2019=100
Selected reasons for inac- tivity						
education, training	2235	2155	2164	2018	93,6	93,3
family and household re- sponsibilities	1899	1800	1782	1783	99,1	100,1
retirement	6838	7174	7361	7375	102,8	100,2
illness, disability	1686	1535	1480	1519	99,0	102,6
By level of education:						
tertiary	1479	1482	1531	1503	101,4	98,2
post-secondary and voca- tional secondary	2690	2837	2787	2860	100,8	102,6
general secondary	1506	1429	1464	1455	101,8	99,4
basic vocational	3012	3030	3160	3112	102,7	98,5
lower secondary, primary and incomplete primary	4563	4362	4311	4193	96,1	97,3
Disabled persons		•				
TOTAL	2529	2432	2511	2509	103,2	99,9
males	1229	1213	1228	1253	103,3	102,0
females	1301	1219	1283	1256	103,0	97,9
Urban areas	1567	1491	1540	1534	102,9	99,6
Rural areas	962	942	971	975	103,5	100,4
2. Number of persons not wor- king ^b per 1000 employed per- sons		ir				
TOTAL	852	831	837	822	х	х
males	596	590	592	570	х	х
females	1171	1125	1139	1134	х	х
Urban areas	850	820	836	826	х	х
Rural areas	855	846	839	815	х	х

a By Labour Force Survey.

b Including the unemployed.

Table 6. Terminations for to establishments-related reasons (as of the state at the end of a quarter)

SPECIFICATION	2017	2018	2019			
	III quarter		II quarter	III quarter	III quarter 2018=100	II quarter 2019=100
The number of establishments	175	125	109	143	114,4	131,2
of which:						
public sector	13	8	9	5	62,5	55,6
private sector	162	117	100	138	117,9	138
The number of persons (in thous.)	15,0	15,6	17,5	20,6	131,9	117,6
of which:		•				
public sector	3,4	2,7	0,8	2,2	82,0	282,7
private sector	11,6	12,9	16,7	18,3	142,5	109,8

Prepared by:

Labour Market Department Iwona Biały

Tel: +48 22 608 34 88 e-mail: i.bialy@stat.gov.pl

Issued by:

The Spokesperson for the President of the Statistics Poland Karolina Banaszek

Tel: +48 22 608 3475, +48 22 608 3009 e-mail: rzecznik@stat.gov.pl

Press Office

Tel.: +48 22 608 34 91, +48 22 608 38 04

e-mail: obslugaprasowa@stat.gov.pl



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<u>Strateg</u> → Statistics by theme → Labour market

Local Data Bank → Labour market

Terms used in official statistics

Economic activity

Employed persons by LFS, Population and Housing Census 2002 and National Census of Population and Housing 2011

Unemployed persons by LFS, Population and Housing Census 2002 and National Census of Population and Housing 2011

Registered unemployed persons

Job offer